drink. As now made, there is not drop of alcohol in it. It is a non-alcoholic tonic and alterative. Ask you

own doctor about your taking this medicine for thin, impure blood. Fol-low his advice every time. He knows

anxiety is felt as to what the morrow may bring forth.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

CLUSTER SPRINGS, VA., April 1.—

For eight days prior to last Saturday night, there was an unprecedented warm spell of weather, the temperature being more like June than March, causing the fruit trees to blossom and all vegetation to grow. Saturday evening about 6 o'clock

fruit trees to blossom and all vegetation to grow. Saturday evening about 6 o'clock the temperature began to fall, growing cooler rapidly. Rain began to fall before sunrise Sunday morning, and continued at intervals until noon, when it began to snow, and about four inches fell; but little of it is to be seen this morning, although it is still very cool. The fruit is evidently damaged very badly, if not totally ruined.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
STAUNTON, VA., April 1.—While cold prevailed all Sunday and to-day, with increasing coid to-night, it is not believed that fruit has been greatly damaged on account of the high winds prevailing.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
BUCKINGHAM, VA., April 1.—The weather was very bad, fixving rain all merning and quite a snow in the afternoon. It turned very cold, too, and fruit is probably damaged some.

Goochland.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
PERKINSVILLE, GOOCHLAND CO.,
VA., April 1.—Last week this section had
tropical weather, the thermometer up in
the nineties. Saturday there was a drou
in the mercury, and yesterday we had
whiter in carnest. About noon it began
to snow. It increased so rapidly that ir
an hour or more the storm was blinding.
It continued to fall until nearly night,
when the wind began to shriek, and blew
full night, and continues at this writing.
Iccle's hanging from the caves of the
houses are in some instances five inches
in length.

HERE'S A LOVELY JOB.

\$175,000,000 in Bank Notes Has

to Be Counted.

WASHINGTON, D. C. April 1.-Fear-ing that some of the \$175,000,000 un-

signed bank notes in the vaults of the

Treasury may have been stolen Secre-

tary Cortelyou to-day, at the request

of the Comptroller of the Currency

This action is the direct result of the

CONVICTED HUSBAND

HAS NARROW ESCAPE

RIPON, WIS., April 1.-Mrs. W. H.

CROWN PRINCE OF GERMANY

a dog cart from a visit to Prince Eitel

TWO BRAKEMEN CREMATED

FORT WORTH, TEX., April 1 .- Six trainmen were killed in a head-on col-lision between two freight trains on the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Rail-road, six miles south of here to-day. Fire broke out immediately and two

brakemen, caught in the debris, were cremated. More than 200 head of cat-tle were burned.

at New York hotels; Belleclair, Mrs. D. B. Kahnweller; Broadway Central, Mrs. D. Whitlass; Im-perial, J. Tonkin, S. B. Shield; St. Denis,

DEATHS.

FOX.—Died, Sunday morning, March 31st, Miss LIZZIE FOX. Funeral takes place TUESDAY at 4 P. M. from her residence, 519 North Hancock Street.

MINOR.—Died, 10 P. M., April 1, 1907, at the residence of his parents, 511 Randolph Street, EARLE E., son of J. B. and Annie E. Minor; aged ten

J. B. and Annie E. Minor; agea ten years.

Puneral from Randolph Street Bap-tist Church Tills (Tuesday) AF-TERNOON at 5 o'clock, Friends and acquaintances invited to attend 1n-terment in River low Cometery.

SIX TRAINMEN KILLED:

Frederick.

SHOOTS JUDGE WHO

VIRGINIA'S FRUIT

We publish the formulas of all our preparations.

Halifax.

Staunton.

Buckingham.

Goochland.

Widely-Known Methodist Prelate Succumbs to Attack of Heart Failure.

#### FUNERAL HERE TO-MORROW

Bishop Hoss, of Baltimore Conference, Will Deliver the Oration.

Bishop John Cowper Granbery, of the Wirginia Conference, Methodist Episcopil Church, South, died suddenly yesterday morning at his home in Ashidand.

Though seventy-six years of age, and in infirm health Bishop Granbery was not thought to be in immediately serious condition. Healthedded service at the Ashidand Methodist Church on Sunday morning, and made the opening prayer at the service. He was thought to be in his usual health throughout the day. On Monday morning about 9 o'clock Bishop Granbery walked down-town and got his mail at the post-office, and spoke to a number of friends on the street. He was joined at the rallway station by his son, Rev. J. C. Granbery, Jr., pastor of Asbury Meth rallway station by his son, Rev. J. C. Granbery, Jr., pastor of Asbury Methodist Church, Manchester, Va., who had just come up from Richmond to spend the Easter holidays with his father. The father and son walked back to the bishop's residence, near Randolph-Macon Colege, and entered the library. Bishop Granbery stood by the open fire, looking over his letters, while young Mr. Granbery read the paper in the same room. Without warning the bishop fell forward on the hearth rug, dying immediately. A neighboring physician who was called in stated that death was due to heart failure.

Funeral Here To-Morrow.

The funeral of Bishop Granbery will take place from Centenary Methodist Church, in this city, to-morrow at 11:30 A. M. The plan of the family is to have the body of the bishop lie in state in the chapel of Randolph-Macon College to-day, with a student guard or honor. To-morrow morning the remains will be brought to Richmond by special train, the officials of the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac having offered every possible facility. Belug offered every possible facility. Be-sides the members of the family and the ected from among the Ashland neighbou The honorary pall-bearers are promi-nent laymen of the Virginia Con-ference, and will meet the train at Elba on Wednesday morning and proceed immediately to Centenary Church The church services will be conducted by Rev. W. J. Young, D. D., pastor at Centenary, assisted by Rev. Ernest Stevens, pastor at Ashland, Bishop Hoss, of the Palitimore Conference, who is now in Staunton, will make the address. The muste will be in charge of the Centenary. music will be in charge of the Centenary

lywood.

The pall-bearers will be:
Honorary: Prof. R. E. Smithey, Col.
J. S. Buford, John C. Freeman, Somers
Morton, H. Seldon Taylor, C. W. Hunter,
C. W. Hardwicke, J. P. Branch, B. J.
Walker, P. P. Winston.
Active: Dr. R. E. Blackwell, Dr. E.
M. Jones, Dr. E. W. Bowen, Dr. W. E.
Dodd, Dr. Hall Canter, Dr. R. H. Bennett, Dr. E. B. Easter, Dr. J. McClendon.

#### Action of Ministers.

A telegram announcing the death of Bisliop Granbery was read to the Monday Conference of Methodist Ministers at their meeting yesterday, and the following res-olutions were drawn up by a special com-mittee.

mittee:

"We, the Methodist ministers of Richmond, Manchester and vicinity, haveheard with profound sorrow of the sudden death of our beloved Bishop John C. Granbery, of Asbland. This comes as a distinct shock, and as an expression of our grief we offer the following:
"Resolved, first, That we as a church feel deeply a great loss. As a lofty Christian character, a holy man of God and a most worthy and much beloved bishop and father in Israel, Bishop Granbery has endeared himself to us in an unusual degree.

he bereaved son (a minister of this ody) and the other members of the fambody) and the other members of the family our loving sympathy, and commend them to the Father of Mercies, whose grace is sufficient for every need. Through their tears may they, by the power of the risen Christ, see in the homeland beyond the happy reunion of ties so recently severed between husband and wife, and may they be enabled to await with patience—'wait till the hight is over'—when they and all of es shall see again those precious waiting ones, 'loved long since and lost a while.' "Resolved, third, That a copy of these resolutions be spread upon our minutes, sent to the family, and published in the third wife has been dead only a few third wife has been dead only a few ones, loved long since and lost a while.'

"Resolved, third, That a copy of these resolutions be spread upon our minutes, sent to the family, and published in the daily press and the Baltimore and Richmond Christian Advocate.

"HUGH J. PAYLOR,

"D. G. C. BUTTS,

"M. S. COLONNA,

"Committee,"

Clustels of His Career.

Sketch of His Career.

Sketch of His Career.

Bishop Granbery was born in Norfolk, Va., December 5, 1829. In 1844, when fifteen years of age, he was converted at a revival service, and shortly afterwards joined the Methodist Church. In 1848 he graduated from Randolph-Macon College, in the class with Colonel James R. Branch, Dr. John Horbort Claiborne, and other well-



#### People Tell Us

It is quite a triumph for any one riety of Hat styles, and all "new, live ones, too."

It makes Hat-buying quite convenient when you can review all the new shapes and colors side by side, and be assured of finding the very Hat you want at the price you want to pay.

Hats for every head-\$1.50 to \$5.00. Young's Hats, \$3.00 and \$4.00.



#### Young's Silk Hats, \$5.00

admitted into the Virginia Conference. His first year in the ministry was spent in the Eastville Circuit, Virginia, and later he was pastor at Farmville. For nearly two years he served as pastor of the Third Street Church, Lynchburg. In 1850 his health broke down and he was forced to discontinue the ministry for the time being. In 1854, however, he served the Loudoun circuit of churches, and was then two years as pastor at Randolph-Macon College. He served a year in Charlottesville, two years in Washington, D. C., and two years as chaplain of the University of Virginia, in 1861, that he joined the Confederate Army as chaplain of the Eleventh Virginia Infantry, continuing with them until the fall of 1863, when he was appointed by the Methodist Conference as a missionary to the army of General Lee, and in this capacity he served until paroied at Appomattox Courthouse, in April, 1865.

During the winter of 1861-1862, he was constantly in camp cheering the despondent and preaching as often as opportunity allowed. The officers respected him highly, and the men loved

would allow, and served until the end of the war.

#### Pastor in Petersburg.

A few weeks after the war closed fever Rev. Mr. Granbery became pastor of Market Street Church, Petersburg, boro, where he remained until the fall of sent. 1868. He was for four years at Centenary Church, Richmond, and nearly three years at Broad Street, Richmond. In September, 1875, he was elected professor of practical theology and in Vanderbilt University, at Nashville, Tenn, which position he held for seven years, during which time a large num-ber of young Methodist ministerial

third wife has been dead only a few

Bishop Granbery was the author of Reveral valuable contributions to Inso-logical thought. Among' his best-known books are "The Bible Diction-ary," "Twelve Sermons," "Experience the Crowning Evidence of the Christian

Leader in His Denomination.

Bishop Granbery was always a lead-er in movements for the good of the community to which he ministered, community to which he ministered and for the best interests of the church with Colonel James R. Branch, Dr. John Herbert Claiborne, and other well-known Virginians.

In November of that year, he was Alcohol

away who came to him in the time of their distress.

His sermons were always eloquent, but held down to the text in hand; no vague wanderings of generalization; no

vague wanderings of generalization; no mere platitudes that puzzled everybody and wasted themselves in empty air waves. His words were those of sympathy, of comfort, drawn from the Scriptures always.

The consequence of this was that Bishop Granbery was always selected to lead in any public event. He officiated at numerous unveilings and the layings of corner-stones. He was a constant attendant upon all Confederate reunions, being himself one dedeate reunions, being himself one of those who followed the colors in the stirring days of '61-'65. He was nowhere more popular or more in demand than in the ranks of the vet-

rans.
Bishop Granbery had visited the mis- HIGH WIND SAVES Bishop Granbery had visited the mission fields of the Southern Methodist Church, making several trips to Brazil in the interests of missions in that country, where he had a married daughter tiving. Bishop Granbery was chairman of the board of trustees of Randolph-Macon College at the time of his death. He gave up the active work of the bishopric nearly nine years ago, since which time he has been preaching in various churches and alding 'in other religious work. He had officiated at the dedication of a number of new churches within the past few months. He recently dedipast few months. He recently dedi-cated a church in North Carolina, and preached in Lexington, Va., a few days

#### OBITUARY.

Miss Lizzie Fox. Miss Lizzie Fox.

Miss Lizzie Fox died at her residence,
No. 519 Hancock Street, Sunday morning, after a brief illness.

The funeral will take place this afternoon at 4 o'clock from her late resi-

Miss Lizzie Sarah Robins. Miss Lizzie Sarah Robins died Sun-day afternoon at 4 o'clock at the resi-dence of her son, W. R. Robins, No 2216 East Broad Street, aged sevenly-

George H. Hopkins.

George H. Hopkins.

Mr. George H. Hopkins died last night at 10:15 o'clock at his residence, No. 1000 East Clay Street.

Mr. Hopkins had an honorable record in the Confederate army. Before the war he taught a classical school on Main Street, and following it he engaged in the tobacco business, being at one time the manager of one of the Richmond factories. For the past twelve years he had been night watchman at the State Bank of Virginia, having charge of the bank property at nights and on Sundays.

The functal arrangements have not been announced.

Earle E. Minor.

Earle E. Minor, the young son of J. and Annie E. Minor, died at the resience of his parents, No. 511 Pandolph treet, about 10 o'clock last night, Street, about 10 o'clock last night, aged ten years.

The funeral will take place from Randolph Street Baptist Church this afternoon at 5 o'clock, and the interment will be in Riverview.

Mrs. Emma W. Spindle.

spected him highly, and the men loved him, for he was their counselor and sympathizing friend, mingling with them in their winter quarters, ready for "every good word and work." Such was his regard for the soldier that, not satisfied with lingering in the rear in time of battle, he followed closely the line, ready to minister to the wounded and dying. While thus engaged at the battle of Frayser's Farm, he was severely wounded in the forehead, and was taken prisoner, By this wound. When his true rank was made known he was confined for a time at Fort Warren, where the Hon. S. Teackle Wallis and other Southern sympathizers were imprisoned.

Returning to Virginia, he re-entered the service, as soon as his condition would allow, and served until the end of the war.

J. Terry, aged twenty-four, an em-pleye on the Southern Railway at Spencer, died at a hospital in Salls-bury last night, following an illness of only a few days, from typhoid fever. He leaves four brothers, a sister and a father, who live at Hills-bore, to which place the remains were

Mrs. Margaret Kavanaugh.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] ROANOKE, VA., April 1.—Mrs. Mar garet Kavanaugh died last night from pneumonia, aged sixty-two years. She was one of the best known and loved Miss Annie Crumpacker, daughter of

Mr. and Mrs. George Crumpacker, died last night from rheumatism, aged tenty-four years.

Ashton Peyton McCarty.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
FREDERICKSBURG, VA., April 1.—
Ashton Peyton McCarty, son of the
late Peyton L. McCarty, of Baltimore,
died yesterday at "Moss Side," the home
of the Dickinsons, in Caroline county, of the Dickinsons, in Caroline county, of consumption, aged thirty-seven years. He had returned from Colorado ten days ago, where he had been staying for his health. His widow, who was Miss Dickinson, with one child, three brothers and three sisters, survive. Interment in the Dickinson family burying-ground.

Mrs. Mary L. Hudson. Mrs. Mary L. Hudson.
FREDERICKSBURG, VA., April 1.—
Mrs. Mary L. Hudson, widow of Addison A. Hudson, died suddenly this afternoon at the home of her son-inlaw, Luther A. Wright, aged eighty-four years. She had been a member of the Baptist Church for fifty years. One daughter and four grandchildren survive her.

Ben Knighten

Ben Knighton.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
FREDERICKSBURG, VA., April 1.—
Ben Knighton, a Confederate soldler, of Orange county, died a few days ago of measles, aged sixty-five years. His wife and a number of children survive him.

Mrs. Huston Fife.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
FREDERICKSBURG, VA., April 1.—
Mrs. Houston Fife, formerly Miss Napnic Row, daughter of Captain John S. nie How, daughter of Captain John S. Row, of Orange county, died last week at her home in Buffalo, W. Va., of pneu-monia, aged thirty-four years, She is survived by her husband, four children and a number of relatives.

Mrs. Mary Etta Weaver.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

FREDERICKSBURG, VA., April 1.—

Mrs. Mary Etta Weaver, wife of R. H.
Weaver, of Madison county, died Thursday after a lingering illness, aged sixtythree years. Her husband and six children survive.

Richard Brookes.

FREDERICKSBURG, VA., April 1.—
Richard Brookes, a well-known Confederate soldier, of Essex county, died
Thursday at his home, aged seventy-nine
years. He had been married three times,
His last wife and several children survive him.

Captain W. C. Pollock.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
KEYSVILLE, VA., April 1.—Capialo
W. Pollock died this afternoon after
an illness of several months. He was
fifty years of age, and leaves a widow
and seven children. His remains will
be interred at 10 o'clock Tuesday morning, in the Keysville cemetery, under the
auspices of the Masonic Lodge of Keysville, of which he was a member. For
soveral years he was a conductor in the
passenger service of the Southern

## 'OVERCAPITALIZATION not needed

of the big shipper and of the railroad man who wants to do right

Laws Are Defective.

Laws Are Defective,
"Experience has shown that the present laws are defective and need amendment. The effort to prohibit all restraint of competition, whether reasonable or unreasonable, is unwige. What we need is to have some administrative body with ample power to forbid combination that is hurful to the public, and to prevent favoritism to one individual at the expense of another. In other words, we want an administrative body with the power to secure fair and just treatment as among all shippers who use the railroad—and all shippers have a right to use them.

use them.

\* \* But in my julyment the most important thing to do is to give this administrative body power to make its findings effective, and this can be done only tive, and this can be done only by giving it power, when complaint is made of a given rate as being unjust or unreasonable, if it finds the complaint proper, then itself to fix a maximum rate which it regards as just and reasonable, this rate to go into effect practically at once—that is, within a reasonable time—and to stay in effect unless reversed by the courts.

Atho courts,

"This is not a revolutionary proposal proposed on my part, for I only wish the same power given in reference to railroads that is now exercised as a matter of course by the national bank examiners as research autional bank examiners as research autional banks." me national bank examiners as regards national banks."

In his address to the delegation of railroad employes orders in this city, November 14, 1905, the President said:

Overcapitalization.

"There has been comparatively lit-tle complaint to me of the railroad rates being as a whole too high. The most serious complaints have been of improper discrimination in railroad of improper discrimination in railroad rates.... I am convinced that there must be an increased regulatory and supervisory power exercised by the government over the railways. Indeed, I would like it exercised to a much greater extent than I have any idea of pressing at the moment. For instance, I would greatly like to have it exercised in the matter of overcapitalization. I am convinced that the 'wages fund' would be larger if there was no fictitious capital upon which dividends had to be paid. I need hardly say that this does not I need hardly say that this does not man hostility to wealth... But I shall not scalinst the abuses of wealth just as against all other

wealth just as against all other abuses.

All I want in any rate legislation is to give the government an efficient supervisory power which shall be exercised as scrupulously to prevent injustice to the railroads as to provent their doing injustice to the public.

In his message to Congree at the beginning of the first session of the Fifty-ninth Congress, December 5, 1905, the President said:

Speculative Panic. "The people of this country con-tinue to enjoy great prosperily. Undoubtedly there will be ebb and flow in such prosperity, and this ebb and flow will be felt more or less by all members of the com-

#### \$183,000. The task will require six clerks and eighteen expert counter-two weeks to perform. There has not been a count for more **MUNYON'S** There has not been a count for more than five years. There have been only two losses in the history of this bureau. The last was in 1869, since which time there has been issued to the banks \$3,000, 000,000 without the loss of a dollar. **SUCCESS**

In Curing Old, Chronic Cases of

### bushand for larceny of old fron, last evening shot Justice of the Peace L. E. Nohl in the courtroom, but the bullet was deflected by a checkbook and a pocketbook, saving his life. RHEUMATISM She fired four other shots, three going wide of the mark and one striking Charles Kassuba over the heart. He may die.

Patients Given Up as Incurable

#### BERLIN, April 1.—Crown Princes Frederick William and the Crown Frincess had a narrow escape from accident to-day while driving home in accident to-day while driving home in Restored to Health in a Few Hours by the Use of His

## Frederick. The horse took fright at an automobile and bolted. For some distance the animal ran madly, but with the assistance of a passerby, the Crown Prince finally gained control near the Brandenburg Gate in the city. Neither of the occupants of the dog cart was burt 3 X Rheumatism Remedy

I want every rheumatic to throw away all medicines, all limiments, all plasters, and try MUNYON'S 3 X RHEUMATISM CURE. No matter what your doctor may say, no matter what your druggist may say, no matter how bigoted or preducing our may be against all advertised remedies, go at once to your druggist and get a bottle of the 8 X RHEUMATISM CURE. Price \$1.00. (He will get it for you'll he has none in stock.) There are 180 doses in a bottle, and as one lady says: "Byery tablet is worth more than a diamond of the same size." A few doses will take away all aches and pains, and a our generally effected before one bottle is used.

Remember, this remedy contains no Richmonders in New York. NEW YORK, April 1.—The following dichmond people were registered to-day

Bettle is used.

Remember, this remedy contains no salicylic acid, no opium, cocaine, morphine, or other harmful druss. It is out up under the guarantee of the Pure Food & Drug Act, but my guarantee I consider the best. Try the remedy, and if you are not satisfied, bring the empty bottle to me and I will refund your money.

money.

No room for doubting, no room for skoptics, no excuse whatever why you should not get well of Rheumatism.

If you have any other aliment remember that we put up 57 different remedies for 55 aliments. We have no "cure-alls." Our Cold Cura cures the cold. Our Cough Cure is worth more than all the emulsions, all the oils, all the balsams, and cough cures that have ever been made, You can prove this statement by the investment of 25 cents.

My Kidney Cure. I believe, has saved

My Kidney Cure, I believe, has saved more lives and cured more chronic case of bladder and kidney aliment than any known remedy. Money back whenever it falls.

ROBINS.—Died, Sunday afternoon, March Sist, at 4 o'clock, at the residence of her son, W. R. Robins, 2216 East Broad Sirect, Mirs. LIZZIE SARAH ROBINS, in the seventy-sixth year of her age.

Funeral To-DAY at 4 o'clock P. M. from her late residence, Friends of the family are invited to attend.

Funeral Notice,

WINFREE,—The funeral of Dr. JOHN MISTRUEL WINFREE will take place from the residence of Dr. Harry B. Baker, No. 1 East Grace Street, 211 Seizel.

Munyon's Vitalizer gives vigor and strength to old men and restores lost powers.

## A Great Advantage "SPLITS" OF

# Apollinaris

munity, both by the deserving and the underserving. A panie brought on by the speculative felly of part of the business community would hart the whole business community. But such stoppage of welfare, though it might be severe, would not be lasting. Something can be done by legislation to help the general prosperity; but no such help of a permanently beneficial character can be given to the less able and less fortunate, save as the results of a policy which inure to the advantage of all industrious and efficient people who act decently; and this is only another way of saying that any benefit, which comes to the less able and less fortunate must of necessity come even more to the more able and more fortunate. If, therefore, the less fortunate III, therefore, the less fortunate

fortunate. "If, therefore, the less fortunate man is moved by envy of his more fortunate brother to strike at the conditions under, which they have both, though inequally prospered, the result will assuredly be that while damage may come to the one struck at, it will visit with an even heavier bad the one who, strikes the blow. load the one who strikes the blow. Taken as a whole, we must all go up or go down together.

Supervise Large Fortunes. "It is also true that where there is no governmental restraint or supervision, some of the exceptional men use their energies not in ways that are for the common good, but in ways which tell against this common good. The fortunes amassed through corporate organization are now so large and yest such powers through corporate organization are now so large and vest such powers in those that wield them, as to make it a matter of necessity to give to the severeign—that is, to the government, which represents the people as a whole—some effective power of supervision over their corporate use. In order to ensure a healthy social and industrial life, every big corporation should be held responsible by, and be accountable to, some sovereign strong enough to control it conduct. I am in no sense hostile to corporations, This is an age of combinations, and any effort to prevent all combination will be not only use less, but in the end viclous, because of the contempt for law which the falliers to enforce law inevitably produces. "We should, moreover, recognize

in cordial and ample fashion the immense good effected by corpo-rate agencies in a country such as ours, and the wealth of intellect, ours, and the weath of intender, energy and fidelity devoted to their service, and therefore normally 16 the service of the public, by their officers and directors. The corporation has come to stay, just as the trade union has come to stay. Dach can do and has done great good. Each should be favored so long as it does good. • • • Our steady aim should be by legislation, cautiquely and carefully un-dertaken, but resolutely persevered in, to assert the sovereignty of the national government by affirmative

For the Good of the People. "What is needed is not sweeping prohibition of every arrangement, good or bad, which may tend to restrict compelltion, but such adequate supervision and regulation as will prevent any restriction of competition from being to the detriment of the public, as well as such supervision and regulation as

detriment of the public, as well as such supervision and regulation as will prevent other abuses in no way connected with restriction of competition.

"Of these abuses perhaps the chief, though by no means the only one, is overapitalization—generally itself the result of dishonest promotion—because of the myrind overcapitalization of ten means an inflation that invites business panic; it always conceals the true relations of the profit darned to the capital actually invosted, and it creates a burden of interest payments which is a fertile cause of improper reduction in or limitation of wages; it damages the small investor, discourages thrift, and encourages gambling and speculation of wages; it damages the small investor, discourages thrift, and encourages gambling and speculation; while, perhaps, worst of all is the trickiness and dishonest which it implies—for harm to material interests and the dehauchery of politics and business by great dishonest corporations is far worse than any actual, material evil they do the public. Unless the national government, in some manner which the wisdom of the Congress may suggest, exercises proper control over the big corporations engaged in interestate commerce—That is over the great majority of the big corporations—it will befunpossible to deal adequately with these evils.

Put a Stop to Agreements. Put a Stop to Agreements.

Put a Stop to Agreements.

"The power vested in the government to put a stop to agreements to the detriment of the public should, in my judgment, be accompanied by power to permit, inder specified conditions and careful supervision, agreements clearly in the interest of the public. But, in my judgment, the necessity for giving this further power is by no means as great as the necessity for giving the commission or administrative body the other powers. I have enumerated above; and it may well be inadvisable to attempt to vest this particular power in the commission or other administrative body until it already possesses and is exercising what I regard as by for the most important of all the powers I recommend—as indeed the vitally important power—that to fix a given effect, subject to review by the courts.

"" Let me most important of all the powers I recommend—as indeed the vitally important power—that to fix a given effect, subject to review by the courts.

" Let me most mentally say that these recommendations are not made in any spirit of hostility to the railroads. I believe that on the whole our railroads have done well and not iff; but the railroad men who wish to do well should not be exposed to competitio with those who have no such desire, and the only way to secure this end is to give to the government tribunal the power to see that justice la done by the unwilling exactly as it is gladly done by the willing."

Helped Both Sides. Helped Both Sides.

In his message to Congress at the beginning of the second session of the Ff(ty-ninth Congress, December 2, 1906, President Rossych said:

"The interstate commerce have has rather amusingly falsited the prelicitions, both of those who assessed that

It would ruin the railroads, and of those who asserted that it did not confar enough and would accomplish nothing. During the last five months the railroads have shown increased carnings, and some of them unusual dividends, while during the same period the mere taking effect of the law has produced an unprecedented a hitherto unheard of, number of voluntary reductions in freights and fares by the railroads. \* \* "It must not be supposed, however, that with the passage of those laws it will be possible to stop progress along the line of increasing the power of the national government over the use of capital and interstate commerce. For example, there will ultimately be need of enlarging the powers of the interstate Commerce Commission along several different lines, so as to give it larger and more effected control over the railroads.

Control Must Be Greater.

Control Must Be Greater,
"It cannot too often be repeated
that experience has conclusively shown the impossibility of secur-ing by the actions of nearly half a hundred different State Legisla-tures anything but ineffective chaos in the way of dealing with the great corporations which do not operate exclusively within the limits of any one State. In some method, whether by national license law or in other fashion, we must exercise, and at an early date, a far more complete control than at present over these great corpora-tions, a control that will, among other things, prevent the evils of excessive overcapitalization and that will compel the disclosure by that will compel the discissure by each big corporation of its stock-holders and of its properties and business, whether owned directly or through subsidiary or affiliated corporations. This will tend to put ostop to securing of inordinate profits by favored individuals at the expense, whether of the general public, the stockholders or the wage-earners. Our effort should be not so much to prevent conselldations as such, but so as to superit results in no harm to the peo-

Stabbed in the Shoulder. Willie Banks was stabbed in the

shoulder blade at Twenty-sixth and Main Streets yesterday afternoon, and Dr. Jones fixed him up. The police are looking for his assailant, alleged to be Joe Dickerson.

## New Furniture Arrivals Are:

fully choice Bed-Room Furniture. Mostly in mahogexact reproductions of the antique.

Rockers-a fine chair for summer cottages and More F. A. Whitney Baby Carriages, Go-Carts and Per-

Big shipment of Porch

Dining-Room Goods and Mattings. Sydnor &

Hundley, (Incorporated. 709-11-13 E. Broad St.

Furniture Leaders

Here Are a Few Items. We have hundreds of others just as cheap.

as cheap.
California Evaporated Peaches, per pound. 140.
Good Carolina Rice, per lb. 5c
7 large bars Swift's Pride Soap for 25c
Best American Granuinical Sugar per pound. 43-4c
Eest Quality Tomatoes, can 76c
Sugar Corn, 4 Cans for 25c
2 lbs. Mountain Roll Butter for 25c
Chipped Heef, be can, 3 cans for 25c
New Navy Beans, per qt 76c
Large Irish Polardees, 20c peck; or, per bushel. 75c
Fresh Soda Crackers or Ginger Saaps, per pound 45c
Good Lard, per pound 81-2c
Bitter's Gats, package, 96
Fresh Soda Pork package, 96
Fresh Soda Crackers of Saaps, per gound 81-2c
Good Salt Pork package, 96
Fresh Soda Crackers of Saaps, 86
Fresh Soda Saaps, 96
Fresh Soda Saaps, 96
Fresh Soda Saaps, 96
Fresh Saaps, 97
Fresh Sa

Fresh or Corned California Han

per pound .... S. ULLMAN'S SON.

1820-22 East Main St. 506 East Marshall St. Phones at Each Store

dosed and treated with strong mineral mixtures and concoctions that further add to the burden, by disagreeably affecting the bowels, producing indigestion, or eating out the delicate linings and membranes of the stomach. The absolute vegetable purity of S. S. S. has always been one of the strongest points in its favor, and is one of the principal reasons for its being now the most widely known and universally used blood medicine on the market. It is made entirely of healing, purifying roots, herbs and barks of the forests and fields. These are selected for their well known curative properties, and are known at the same time to possess the qualities to build up and strengthen every part of the system by their fine tonic effect. Not only is S. S. the king of blood purifiers, but it is the one medicine that may be taken with absolute safety by young or old. We guarantee it non-injurious and offer a reward \$r\$, ooo for proof that it contains a particle of mineral in any form. S. S. S. is a safe and reliable treatment for Rheumatism, Catarrh, Scrofula, Sores and Ulcers, Skin Diseases, Contagious Blood Poison, and any and all diseases arising from a poisoned or impure state of the blood. and all diseases arising from a poisoned or impure state of the blood. It goes to the very bottom of these troubles, removes every trace of disease, enriches and builds up the blood and permanently cures where mineral medicines fail. If you are suffering with any form of blood disease write for our book on The Blood and ask for any medical advice you may desire;

S.S. PURELY VEGETABLE

way in which it affects the system is a very important factor. When the system is infected with the germs of disease as in Rheumatism, Catarrh,

System 13 Stress and Ulcers, Skin Diseases, Contagious Blood Poison, etc., every particle of its recuperative strength is needed to assist in eliminating

the poisons and impurities which are causing the trouble. It should not be dosed and treated with strong mineral mixtures and concoctions that further

no charge for either. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.